SECTION I : LOGICAL REASONING

1.	In the following letter series, some of the letters are missing which are given in that order as one of the alternatives. Choose the correct alternative.										
	or the alternatives.		c bd		a	db a	a				
	(A) adabcd		cdbbca		daabbc			bdbcba			
2.	If MINJUR is coded a	as 3125	47 and TADA as	6898, ho	w can M	ADURAI I	be code	ed ?			
	(A) 3498178	(B)	3894871	(C)	3849781		(D)	3894781			
3.	Pointing to a lady in the photograph, Shaloo said, "Her son's father is the son-in-law of my mother." How is Shaloo related to the lady ?										
	(A) Aunt	(B)	Sister	(C)	Mother		(D)	Cousin			
4.	Choose the odd num	eral pai	ir/group.								
	(A) 8 (34) 9	(B)	48 (120) 12	(C)	7 (144)	11	(D)	20 (270) 115			
5.	If 'A \$ B' means 'A is the father of B', 'A \star B' means 'A is the mother of B', 'A @ B' means 'A is the wife of B', then which of the following means 'M is the grandmother of N'?										
	(A) M ★ T \$ N @ R	(B)	M ★ T \$ R @ S	(C)	M ★ R	\$ T @ N	(D)	M ★ R @ T @ N			
7.	he turned right and drove 10 km. How far and in which direction is he from his starting point? (A) 2 km west (B) 5 km east (C) 6 km south (D) 2 km east In the following series of letters, some definite order determines. Which of the following are next two letters in the correct order? A J K T U B I L S V C H M R W D G N Q X E F O ? ?										
	(A) PY	(B)			YZ	Q A L I		ZA			
8.	Choose the missing term from the given alternatives. BZA, DYC, FXE, ?, JVI										
	(A) HUG	(B)	HWG	(C)	UHG		(D)	WHG			
9.	In a row of forty children, P is thirteenth from the left end and Q is ninth from the right end. How many children are there between P and R if R is fourth to the left of Q ?										
	(A) 12	(B)	13	(C)	14		(D)	15			
10.	If > denotes '+', < den than', which of the fo					tes 'less t	than' an	d × denotes 'greater			
	(A) 3 + 2 > 4 = 9 + 3	< 2 (B)	3 > 2 > 4 = 18 +	3 < 1 (C)	3 > 2 <	4 × 8 + 4	< 2 (D)	3 + 2 < 4 × 9 + 3 < 3			
11.	Choose the odd num	eral pai	ir/group.								
	(A) 13 – 21	(B)	19 – 27	(C)	15 – 23		(D)	16 – 24			

12.	If South-east beco	mes North, North-east	becomes West and so on,	what will West become ?
	(A) North-east	(B) North-west	(C) South-east	(D) South
13.	Select the correct	set of symbols which	will fit in the given equatio	n 5 🗌 0 🔲 3 📗 5 = 20.
	(A) ×, ×, ×	(B) -, +, ×	(C) ×, +, ×	(D) +, -, ×
14.		the perfect square of a		e eighth digits of the numbe ch of the following will be the
	(A) 2	(B) 4	(C) 6	(D) 5
15.	Choose the correct		ontinue the given pattern. 0.55, 0.65, 0.8, <u>?</u>	
	(A) 0.9	(B) 0.82	(C) 1	(D) 0.95
16.	If 453945 stands fo	or DECIDE, then 8978 s	tands for	
	(A) BHEE	(B) CDEH	(C) GHEE	(D) HIGH
17.	-	lowed by either 2 or 3.	9's, each of which is not in How many such 9's are the 3 3 9 3 2 5 9 2 9 3 4 8 2 6	
	(A) One	(B) Three	(C) Five	(D) Six
		rs and sitting in front of ces towards South ? (B) R	each other. S faces toward:	s North and if P faces towards (D) Data inadequate
19.	If ÷ implies '=', × im the correct expres		implies '×', > implies '÷', < in	nplies '+', = implies '–', identify
	(A) 1 – 3 > 2 + 1 –	5 = 3 - 1 < 2	(B) 1 − 3 > 2 + 1 ×	5 = 3 × 1 > 2
	(C) 1 × 3 > 2 + 1 ×	5 × 3 – 1 > 2	(D) 1 – 3 > 2 + 1 ×	5 + 3 – 1 > 2
20.	HAAGTUUX What is the sum o	W L S R I, such as, 1 for the values of the gro	or M, 2 for K, 4 for I and soup of letters ARM ?	
	(A) 32	(B) 33	(C) 41	(D) 35
		SECTION II: MA	THEMATICAL REASONI	NG
21.	Simplify: $\sqrt[5]{\sqrt[4]{(2^4)^3}}$ -	$-5\sqrt[5]{8} + 2\sqrt[5]{\sqrt[4]{(2^3)^4}}.$		
	(A) $-2\sqrt[5]{(2)^3}$	(B) $\sqrt[5]{(2)^3}$	(C) $2\sqrt[5]{(2)^3}$	(D) $-\sqrt[5]{(2)^3}$
22.	Probability of an e	event can be		
	(A) -0.7	(B) $\frac{11}{9}$	(C) 1.001	(D) 0.6
			3	

- 23. If the perpendicular distance of a point P from x-axis is 5 units, then the point P has
 - (A) x-coordinate = -5 or 5

(B) v-coordinate = 5

(C) y-coordinate = -5

- **(D)** y-coordinate = 5 or -5
- 24. A cube of side 6 cm is painted on all its 6 faces with red colour. It is then broken up into 216 smaller identical cubes. What is the ratio of N_0 : N_1 : N_2 .

Where, $N_0 \rightarrow$ number of smaller cubes with no coloured surface.

 $N_4 \rightarrow$ number of smaller cubes with 1 red face.

 $N_2 \rightarrow$ number of smaller cubes with 2 red faces.

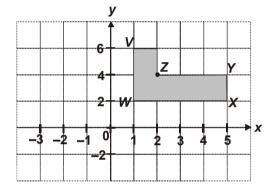
- (A) 3:4:6
- **(B)** 3:4:5
- **(C)** 4:6:3
- **(D)** 6:4:3

- 25. If a + b + c = 0, then $x^{a^2b^{-1}c^{-1}}x^{a^{-1}b^2c^{-1}}x^{a^{-1}b^{-1}c^2} =$ _____
 - (A) $x^{a^2b^2c^2}$
- **(B)** $x^{1/a^2b^2c^2}$
- (C) $x^{1/2}$
- (D) x^3

26. In the adjoining diagram, the area of the shaded figure is _____



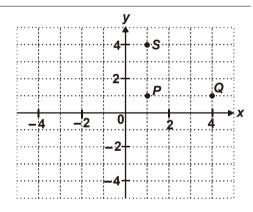
- (B) 10 cm²
- (C) 18 cm²
- (D) 24 cm²



27. Based on the diagram, If *PQRS* forms a rectangle, find the co-ordinates of *R*.



- **(B)** (4, 5)
- **(C)** (6, 4)
- **(D)** (6, 2)



- 28. A person's present age is two-fifth of the age of his mother. After 8 years, he will be half of the age of his mother. How old is the mother at present?
 - (A) 32 years
- **(B)** 36 years
- (C) 40 years
- (**D**) 48 years

- 29. Set of values of x, if $\sqrt{(x+8)} + \sqrt{(2x+2)} = 1$, is _____.
 - **(A)** {1}

- **(B)** {1, 17}
- **(C)** {17}
- **(D)** ϕ
- 30. The perimeter of a circle is equal to the perimeter of a square. Then, the ratio of their areas respectively, is _____.
 - **(A)** 4:1
- **(B)** 11:7
- (C) 14:11
- (D) 22:7

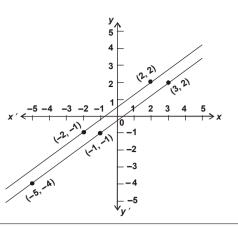
31. The equation representing the given graph is

(A)
$$7x + 2y = 11$$
; $y - 2x = 3$

(B)
$$2x + 7y = 11$$
; $4x + (35y/2) = 25$

(C)
$$3x - 7y = 10$$
; $8y - 6x = 4$

(D)
$$3x - 4y = 1$$
; $8y - 6x = 4$



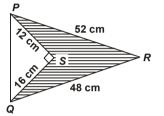
- 32. If $x = \frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2}}$ and $y = \frac{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$, then find the value of $x^2 + y^2$.
 - (A) 32

(B) 98

(C) 40

(D) 0

- 33. In the adjoining figure, the area of shaded portion is ___.
 - (A) 98 cm²
 - (B) 480 cm²
 - (C) 384 cm²
 - **(D)** 380 cm²



34. The given below question is followed by three statements. You have to study the question and the statements and decide which of the statement(s) is/are necessary to answer the question.

What is the capacity of the cylindrical tank?

- I. The area of the base is 61,600 sq. cm.
- II. The height of the tank is 1.5 times the radius.
- III. The circumference of base is 880 cm.
- (A) I and II

(B) II and III

(C) Any two of the three

- (D) II and either I or III
- 35. The probability of guessing the correct answer to a certain test question is $\frac{x}{2}$. If the probability of not guessing the correct answer to this question is $\frac{2}{3}$, then $x = \frac{2}{3}$
 - **(A)** 2

(B) 3

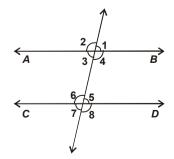
(C) $\frac{2}{3}$

- **(D)** $\frac{1}{3}$
- 36. The mean of 40 items is 35 and if each item is multiplied by 'a' then the new mean will be
 - (A) 35 a
- **(B)** 35 + a
- **(C)** 40

- **(D)** 40 + a
- 37. In the given figure, $AB \parallel CD$. If $\angle 1 = (2x + y)^{\circ}$ and $\angle 6 = (3x y)^{\circ}$, then the measure of $\angle 2$ in terms of y is _____.



- **(B)** $(2 y)^{\circ}$
- (C) $(1 y)^{\circ}$
- **(D)** $(100 + y)^{\circ}$



30.	In the given figure (not drawn to scale), $ABCD$ is a trapezium in which $AB = 7$ cm, $AD = BC = 5$ cm, $DC = x$ cm and the distance between AB and DC is 4 cm. Then the value of x is									
	(A)	13 cm					D4	v.cmC		
	(B)	16 cm						$ \begin{array}{c c} & x cm \longrightarrow C \\ \hline & L & M & \end{array} $		
	(C)	19 cm					5 cm	4 cm 5 cm		
	(D)	15 cm						A 7 cm B		
39.	Find the remainder when $9x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 5$ is divided by $x - \frac{2}{3}$.									
	(A)	3	(B)	– 3	(C)	2	(D)	-2		
40.	If 4	⁴⁴ + 4 ⁴⁴ + 4 ⁴⁴ +	$4^{44} = 4^x$, t	hen <i>x</i> is	-					
	(A)	45	(B)	44	(C)	176	(D)	11		
			SECT	TION III : E	VERYDAY	MATHEMATI	CS			
41.	A h	ollow garden r	oller of hei	aht 63 cm. witl	h a girth of 4	40 cm is made	of iron 4 c	m thick. The volum		
										
		he iron used i		9	•					
	of t					57636 cm ³		107712 cm ³		
42.	of t (A)	the iron used in 54982 cm ³	s (B)	56372 cm ³	(C)	57636 cm ³	(D)			
42 .	of to (A) An per	the iron used in 54982 cm ³ article is sold cent at origina	(B) at a certai	56372 cm³ n price. By se	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$	57636 cm³ of that price	(D)	107712 cm ³ 10%. Find the gai		
42 .	of to (A) An per	the iron used in 54982 cm ³	(B) at a certai	56372 cm ³	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$	57636 cm ³	(D)	107712 cm ³		
	of t (A) An per (A)	she iron used in 54982 cm ³ article is sold cent at original 35%	at a certain price. (B) (B)	56372 cm ³ n price. By se 40% examined in	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42%	57636 cm ³ of that price 45%	(D) one loses	107712 cm ³ 10%. Find the gai		
	An per (A)	she iron used in 54982 cm ³ article is sold cent at original 35% 0 boys and 70	at a certain price. (B) (B)	n price. By se 40% examined in ents who faile	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42% ed is	57636 cm ³ of that price 45%	(D) one loses (D) nd 30% of	107712 cm ³ 10%. Find the gain 50%		
43.	An per (A) 110 per (A)	she iron used in 54982 cm ³ article is sold cent at original 35% 0 boys and 70 centage of the 58%	at a certain price. (B) 0 girls are total stud	56372 cm^3 In price. By set 40% examined in ents who faile $62\frac{2}{3}\%$	elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42% ed is	57636 cm ³ of that price 45% of the boys a 64%	(D) one loses (D) nd 30% of (D)	107712 cm ³ 10%. Find the gain 50% the girls pass. The		
43.	of t (A) An per (A) 110 per (A)	article is sold cent at origina 35% 0 boys and 70 centage of the 58% roup of studen	at a certain at a	56372 cm^3 In price. By set 40% examined in ents who faile $62\frac{2}{3}\%$ to collect as many set 623%	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42% ed is (C) nany paise fr	57636 cm³ of that price 45% of the boys a 64% com each meml	(D) one loses (D) nd 30% of (D) ber of the g	107712 cm ³ 10%. Find the gain 50% the girls pass. The 78%		
43.	of t (A) An per (A) 110 per (A)	she iron used in 54982 cm ³ article is sold cent at originary 35% 0 boys and 70 centage of the 58% roup of student members. If the	at a certain at a	56372 cm^3 In price. By set 40% examined in ents who faile $62\frac{2}{3}\%$ to collect as mection amounts	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42% ed is (C) nany paise frest to ₹ 59.29,	57636 cm³ of that price 45% of the boys a 64% com each meml	(D) one loses (D) nd 30% of (D) ber of the g	107712 cm³ 10%. Find the gain 50% the girls pass. The 78% group as the number in the group is		
43.	An per (A) 110 per (A) A gr (A) A gr (A) A lil	article is sold cent at origina 35% 0 boys and 70 centage of the 58% roup of studenmembers. If the 57	at a certain price. (B) 0 girls are total stud (B) ts decided total collection (B) verage of 51	56372 cm^3 In price. By set 40% examined in ents who faile $62\frac{2}{3}\%$ to collect as mection amounts 67	(C) elling it at $\frac{2}{3}$ (C) a test; 42% ed is (C) nany paise frest to ₹ 59.29, (C) Sundays and	57636 cm³ of that price 45% of the boys a 64% com each memil the number of	(D) one loses (D) nd 30% of (D) ber of the grade f members (D) ays. The beautiful to the point of the grade for th	107712 cm³ 10%. Find the gain 50% the girls pass. The 78% group as the number in the group is87 est estimate average		

47. In how many years will a sum of ₹ 800 at 10% per annum compounded semi-annually become ₹ 926.10 ?

(A) $1\frac{1}{3}$

(A) 60%

(B) $1\frac{1}{2}$

(B) 75%

(C) $2\frac{1}{3}$

(C) 70%

(D) $2\frac{1}{2}$

(D) 80%

48.	Arun and Sajal are friends. Each has some money. If Arun gives ₹ 30 to Sajal, then Sajal will have
	twice the money left with Arun. But, if Sajal gives ₹ 10 to Arun, then Arun will have thrice as much
	as is left with Sajal. How much money does Arun and Sajal have?

- **(A)** ₹ 62, ₹ 34
- **(B)** ₹ 60, ₹ 34
- **(C)** ₹ 60, ₹ 30
- **(D)** ₹ 62, ₹ 30
- 49. A boy multiplied 12345679 by second, third and seventh multiple of 9, then the average of their total is _____.
 - **(A)** 44444444
- **(B)** 4444444
- **(C)** 4444444
- **(D)** 444444
- 50. If the cost of x metres of wire is \overline{t} d, then what is the cost of y metres of wire at the same rate?
 - (A) $\neq \left(\frac{xy}{d}\right)$
- **(B)** ₹ (xd)
- **(C)** ₹ (yd)
- **(D)** $\not\in \left(\frac{yd}{x}\right)$

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

ANSWER KEYS

1.	(A)	2.	(D)	3.	(B)	4.	(C)	5.	(A)	6.	(A)	7.	(A)
8.	(B)	9.	(C)	10.	(C)	11.	(D)	12.	(C)	13.	(B)	14.	(B)
15.	(C)	16.	(D)	17.	(B)	18.	(B)	19.	(D)	20.	(C)	21.	(A)
22.	(D)	23.	(D)	24.	(C)	25.	(D)	26.	(B)	27.	(A)	28.	(C)
29.	(D)	30.	(C)	31.	(D)	32.	(B)	33.	(C)	34.	(D)	35.	(C)
36.	(A)	37.	(A)	38.	(A)	39.	(B)	40.	(A)	41.	(D)	42.	(A)
43.	(B)	44.	(C)	45.	(D)	46.	(B)	47.	(B)	48.	(A)	49.	(A)
50.	(D)												