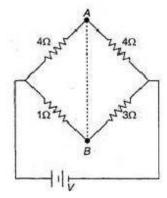


CBSE-AIPMT - 2006

Full Paper-Prelims

Physics

- 1. In producing chlorine through electrolysis 100 W power at 125 V is being consumed. How much chlorine per min is liberated? ECE of chlorine is 0.367 x 10-6 kg/C:
 - 1) 17.6 mg
 - 2) 34.3 mg
 - 3) 24.3 mg
 - 4) 39.6 mg
- 2. In the circuit shown, if a conducting wire is connected between points A and B, the current in this wire will:



- 1) flow from A to B
- 2) flow in the direction which will be decided by the value of V
- 3) be zero
- 4) flow from B to A
- 3. A rectangular block of mass m and area of cross-section A floats in a liquid of density p. If it is given a small vertical displacement from equilibrium it undergoes oscillation with a time period T. Then:
 - 1) T ∝ √ρ
 - 2) T ∝ (1/√A)
 - 3) T \propto (1/ ρ)
 - 4) T ∝ (1/√m)
- 4. A Carnot engine whose sink is at 300 K has an efficiency of 40%. By how much should the temperature of source be increased so as to increase its efficiency by 50% of original efficiency?
 - 1) 275 K
 - 2) 175 K

3) 250 K
4) 225 K
When a charged particle moving with velocity is subjected to a magnetic field of induction
$ec{\mathbf{B}}$, the force on it is non-zero. This implies that :
1) angle between \vec{v} and \vec{B} is necessarily 90°
2) angle between \vec{v} and \vec{B} can have any value other than 90°
3) angle between \vec{v} and \vec{B} can have any value other than zero and 180°
4) angle between \vec{v} and \vec{B} is either zero or 180°
Two cells, having the same emf, are connected in series through an external resistance R. Cells have internal resistances r_1 and r_2 ($r_1 > r_2$) respectively. When the circuit is closed,
the potential difference across the first cell is zero, The value of R is:
1) r1 - r2
2) (r1 + r2)/2
3) (r1 - r2)/2
4) r1 + r2
A black body at 1227°C emits radiations with maximum intensity at a wavelength of 5000
Å. If the temperature of the body is increased by 1000°C, the maximum intensity will be
observed at :
1) 7500 Å
2) 1500 Å
3) 6000 Å

8. Two circular coils 1 and 2 are made from the same wire but the radius of the 1st coil is twice that of the 2nd coil. What is the ratio of potential difference applied across them so

9. A transistor-oscillator using a resonant circuit with an inductor L (of negligible resistance) and a capacitor C in series produce oscillations of frequency f. If L is doubled and C is

10. The binding energy of deuteron is 2.2 MeV and that of 42He is 28 MeV. If two deuterons

3) 7

4) 2

that the magnetic field at their centres is the same?

changed to 4C, the frequency will be:

2) 4

are fused to form one 42He then the energy released is :

4) 3000 Å

1) 5

1) f/4
 2) 8f
 3) f/2√2
 4) 2f

2) 23.6 MeV			
3) 17.2 MeV			
4) 28.2 MeV			
	terial the activity at time t_1 the material is λ , then :	is R1 and at a later time t2,	it is R2. If the
1) $R1 = R2 e - \lambda (t_1 - t_2)$	12)		
2) R1 = R2 eλ(t1 -t2	2)		
3) R1 = R2 e(t2 /t1)		
4) R1 = R2			
excited by monoch		eV. Hydrogen atoms in the on energy 12.1 eV. According e: 3) four	
.,			., 5.1.6
	gy of a long spring when st the potential energy store	tretched by 2 cm is U. If the d in it is:	spring is
1) 4U	2) U/8	3) 16U	4) U/4
-	ction of a projectile at angl by the projectile are in the	les $(45^{\circ}\theta)$ and $(45^{\circ}+\theta)$, the ratio of:	horizontal
1) 1 : 1			
2) 2 : 3	27		
3) 1 : 2			
4) 3 : 2	40		
•	ALL PROPERTY OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN T	e which causes a displacem s in s. Work done by the force	
1) (17/3)J 2) (3/8)J 3) (8/3)J 4) (3/17)J	0		
16. A particle moves al	ong a straight line OX. At ticle from O is given by	a time t (in seconds) the dis	tance x (in
x = 40 + 12t - t3			
How long would th	e particle travel before cor	ming to rest?	
1) 14 m	2) 28 m	3) 56 m	4) 70 m
17. The velocity v of a	particle at time t is given b	y v = at + (b/t + c), where a,	, b and c are

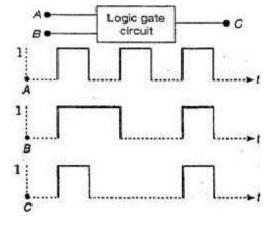
1) 21.6 MeV

constants, The dimensions of a, b and c are respectively :

constants, The dimensions of a, b and c are respectively :

- 1) [LT -2], [L] and [T]
- 2) [L], [T] and [LT 2]
- 3) [L2T 2], [LT] and [L]
- 4) [L], [LT] and [T 2]
- 18. A microscope is focussed on a mark on a piece of paper and then a slab of glass of thickness 3 cm and refractive index 1.5 is placed over the mark. How should the microscope be moved to get the mark in focus again?
 - 1) 1 cm upward
 - 2) 0.5 cm downward
 - 3) 1 cm downward
 - 4) 0.5 cm upward
- 19. 300 J of work is done in sliding a 2 kg block up an inclined plane of height 10 m. Taking g =10 m/s2, work done against friction is :
 - 1) 50 J
 - 2) 100 J
 - 3) zero
 - 4) 150 J
- 20. A transistor is operated in common emitter configuration at constant collector voltage Vc =
 - 1.5 V such that a change in the base current from 100 μ A to 150 μ A produces a change in the collector current from 5 mA to 10 mA. The current gain (β) is :
 - 1) 50
 - 2) 75
 - 3) 100
 - 4) 125
- 21. A forward biased diode is:
 - 1) -4V -3V
 - 2) 3V 5\
 - 3) -2V +2V
- 22. A photo-cell employs photoelectric effect to convert:
 - 1) change in the frequency of light into a change in electric voltage
 - 2) change in the intensity of illumination into a change in photoelectric current
 - change in the intensity of illumination into a change in the work function of the photocathode
 - 4) change in the frequency of light into a change in the electric current

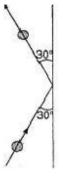
- 23. The core of a transformer is laminated because:
 - 1) energy losses due to eddy currents may be minimised
 - 2) the weight of the transformer may be reduced
 - 3) rusting of the core may be prevented
 - 4) ratio of voltage in primary and secondary may be increased
- 24. Two coils of self-inductances 2 mH and 8 mH are placed so close together that the effective flux in one coil is completely linked with the other. The mutual inductance between these coils is :
 - 1) 8 mH
 - 2) 12 mH
 - 3) 4 mH
 - 4) 16 mH
- 25. In a discharge tube ionization of enclosed gas is produced due to collisions between:
 - 1) positive ions and neutral atoms/molecules
 - 2) negative electrons and neutral atoms/molecules
 - 3) photons and neutral atoms/molecules
 - 4) neutral gas atoms/molecules
- 26. When photons of energy hv fall on an aluminium plate (of work function E₀), photoelectrons of maximum kinetic energy K are ejected. If the frequency of the radiation is doubled, the maximum kinetic energy of the ejected photoelectrons will be:
 - 1) $K + E_0$
 - 2) 2K
 - 3) K
 - 4) k + hv
- 27. The following figure shows a logic gate circuit with two inputs A and B and the output C. The voltage waveforms of A, B and C are as shown below:



The logic circuit gate is:

1) AND gate

- 2) NAND gate
- 3) NOR gate
- 4) OR gate
- 28. A coil of inductive reactance 31 has \mathfrak{Q} resistance of Ω . It is place \mathfrak{d} in series with a condenser of capacitative reactance 25 Ω . The combination is connected to an a.c. soruce of 110 V. The power factor of the circuit is :
 - 1) 0.40
 - 2) 0.128
 - 3) 0.80
 - 4) 0.66
- 29. A 0.5 kg ball moving with a speed of 12 m/s strikes a hard wall at an angle of 30° with the wall. It is reflected with the same speed and at the same angle. If the ball is in contact with the wall for 0.25 s, the average force acting on the wall is:



1) 8 N

2) 24 N

3) 16 N

- 4) 96 N
- 30. The moment of inertia of a uniform circular disc of radius R and mass M about an axis touching the disc at its diameter and normal to the disc is:
 - 1) MR2
 - 2) (2/5)MR2
 - 3) (3/5)MR2
 - 4) (5/6)MR2
- 31. The momentum of a photon of energy 1 MeV in kg m/s, will be:
 - 1) 0.33 x 106
 - 2) 8 x 10-24
 - 3) 5 x 10-23
 - 4) 5 x 10-22
- 32. The radius of germanium (Ge) nuclide is measured to be twice the radius of 94Be. The number of nucleons in Ge are :
 - 1) 73

2) 74

3) 76

4) 72

33. The molar specific heat at constant pressure of an ideal gas is (7/2)R. The ratio of specific					
heat at constant pressure to that at constant volume is:					
1) 7/5	2) 6/7	3) 9/7	4) 4/7		
04 The could be conse		ıs R. A platform is arrange			

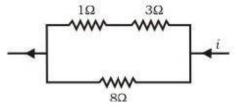
34. The earth is assumed to be a sphere of radius R. A platform is arranged at a height R from the surface of the earth. The escape velocity of a body from this platform is fve, where ve is its escape velocity from the surface of the earth. The value of f is:

1) 2 2) 1/√2 3) 1/3 4) 1

35. Two sound waves with wavelengths 5.0 m and 5.5 m respectively, each propagate in a gas with velocity 330 m/s. We expect the following number of beats per second:

1) 12 2) 0 3) 3 4) 6

36. Power dissipated across the 8 resist Ω r in the circuit shown here is 2 W. The power dissipated in watt units across the 3 Ω resistor is :



- 1) 6.0
- 2) 1.5
- 3) 0.45
- 4) 3.0
- 37. Kirchhoff's first and second laws for electrical circuits are consequences of :
 - 1) conservation of energy
 - 2) conservation of electric charge and energy respectively
 - 3) conservation of electric charge
 - 4) conservation of energy and electric charge respectively
- 38. A transverse wave propagating along x-axis is represented by :

 $y(x, t) = 8.0 \sin (0.5\pi x - 4\pi t - (\pi/4))$

where x is in metres and t is in seconds. The speed of the wave is:

- 1) 8π m/s
- 2) 0.5π m/s
- 3) $(\pi/4)$ m/s
- 4) 8 m/s
- 39. The time of reverberation of a room A is one second. What will be the time (in seconds) of reverberation of a room, having all the dimensions double of those of room A?
 - 1) 2

2) 4

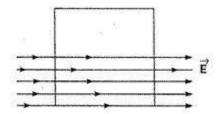
3) 1/2

4) 8

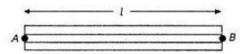
40. Which one of the following statements is true?

	2) The sound waves in ai	ir are longitudinal while the	e light waves are transverse)	
	3) Both light and sound w	vaves in air are longitudina	al		
	4) Both light and sound v	vaves can travel in vacuun	n		
41.	Above Curie temperature :				
	1) a ferromagnetic substa	ance becomes paramagne	etic		
	2) a paramagnetic substa	ance becomes diamagneti	С		
	3) a diamagnetic substan	ce becomes paramagneti	С		
	4) a paramagnetic substa	ance becomes ferromagne	etic		
42.	A convex lens and a conca contact to form a combinate	_	e focal length of 25 cm, are in diopters of the combinati	•	
	1) 25	2) 50	3) infinite	4) zero	
43.	An electric dipole of momel rotating the dipole by 90° i 1) √2 pE 2) pE/2 3) 2pE 4) pE	1000	uniform electric field . The	work done in	
44.		g battery the distance betw	difference of V volts. After veen the plates of the capa e potential difference betwe		
	1) decreases				
	2) does not change				
	3) becomes zero				
	4) increases				
45.	A car runs at a constant sp circular lap. The average v		radius 100 m, taking 62.8 s d for each circular lap respe	•	
	1) 0, 0				
	2) 0, 10 m/s				
	3) 10 m/s, 20 m/s				
	4) 20 m/s, 0				
46.	A square surface of side L	m is in the plane of the pa	per. A uniform electric field		Ĕ (V/m),
	also in the plane of the partigure). The electric flux in	·	ower half of the square surf ne surface is :	ace, (see	

1) Both light and sound waves in air are transverse



- 1) EL₂/(2ε 0)
- 2) EL2/2
- 3) zero
- 4) EL2
- 47. A tube of length L is filled completely with an incompressible liquid of mass M and closed at both the ends. The tube is then rotated in a horizontal plane about one of its ends with a uniform angular velocity ω . The force exerted by the liquid at the other end is :
 - 1) $(ML\omega 2)/(2)$
 - 2) $(ML2\omega)/(2)$
 - 3) 2MLω 2
 - 4) $(ML2\omega 2)/(2)$
- 48. A uniform rod of length I and mass m is free to rotate in a vertical plane about A. The rod initially in horizontal position is released. The initial angular acceleration of the rod is : (Moment of inertia of rod about A is (ml2/3))



- 1) 3g/2l
- 2) 2l/3g
- 3) 3g/2l2
- 4) mg(I/2)
- 49. The vectors \vec{A} and \vec{B} are such that a :

$$|\vec{A} + \vec{B}| = |\vec{A} - \vec{B}|$$

The angle between the two vectors is:

1) 90°

2) 60°

3) 30°

- 4) 0°
- 50. Two bodies, A (of mass 1 kg) and B (of mass 3 kg) are dropped from heights of 16 m and 25 m, respectively. The ratio of the time taken by them to reach the ground is :
 - 1) 5/4

2) 8/5

3) 5/8

4) 4/5

Chemistry

51. Identify the correct statement for change of Gibbs energy for a system (Δ Gsystem) at constant temperature and pressure :

	1) If ΔG system > 0, the process is spontaneous
	2) If $\Delta G_{\text{system}} = 0$, the system has attained equilibrium
	3) If $\Delta G_{\text{system}} = 0$, the system is still moving in a particular direction
	4) If ΔG system < 0, the process is not spontaneous
52.	A solution containing 10g per dm 3 of urea (molecular mass = 60g mol-1) is isotonic with a
	5% solution of a non-volatile solute. The molecular mass of this non-volatile solute is :
	1) 200 g mol-1
	2) 300 g mol-1
	3) 400 g mal-1
	4) 500 g mol-1
53.	A plot of $\log x/m$ versus $\log p$ for the adsorption of a gas on a solid gives a straight line with slope equal to :
	1) - log k
	2) n
	3) 1/n
	4) log k
54.	Assume each reaction is carried out in an open container. For which reaction will $\Delta H = \Delta E$?
	1) $H_2(g) + Br_2(g) \rightarrow 2HBr(g)$
	2) $C(s) + 2H_2O(g) \rightarrow 2H_2(g) + CO_2(g)$
	3) $PCI5(g) \rightarrow PCI3(g) + CI2(g)$
	4) $2CO(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2CO_2(g)$
55.	In a set of reactions propionic acid yielded a compound D.
	CH3CH2COOH $\xrightarrow{\text{SOCl}_2}$ B $\xrightarrow{\text{NH}_3}$ C $\xrightarrow{\text{KOH}}$ D
	The structure of D would be:
	1) CH3CH2CH2NH2

- 2) CH3CH2CONH2
- 3) CH3CH2NHCH3
- 4) CH3CH2NH2
- 56. During the process of digestion, the proteins present in food materials are hydrolysed to amino acids. The two enzymes involved in the process

- 1) amylase and maltase
- 2) diastase and lipase

3) pepsin and trypsin
4) invertase and zymase
57. The human body does not produce:
1) DNA
2) vitamins
3) hormones
4) enzymes
58. CsBr crystallises in a body centred cubic lattice. The unit cell length is 436.6 pm. Given that the atomic mass of Cs = 133 and that of Br = 80 amu and Avogadro number being $6.02 \times 1023 \times 1023$
1) 42.5 g/cm 3
2) 2.25 g/cm 3
3) 0.225 g/cm 3
4) 4.25 g/cm 3
59. More number of oxidation states are exhibited by the actinoids than by the lanthanoids. The main reason for this is :
 more energy difference between 5f and 6d orbitals than that between 4f and 5d orbitals
 lesser energy difference between 5f and 6d orbitals than that between 4f and 5d orbitals
3) greater metallic character of the lanthanoids than that of the corresponding actinoids4) more active nature of the actinoids
60. Given: The mass of electron is 9.11 x 10-31 kg
Planck constant is 6.626 x 10-34 Js, the uncertainty involved in the measurement of velocity within a distance of 0.1 Å is:
1) 5.79 x 106 ms-1
2) 5.79 x 107 ms-1
3) 5.79 x 108 ms-1
4) 5.79 x 109 ms-1
61. Copper sulphate dissolves in excess of KCN to give :
1) CuCN
2) [Cu(CN)4]3-

62. In which of the following pairs are both the ions coloured in aqueous solution?

3) [Cu(CN)4]2-

4) Cu(CN)2

	(At. no. : Sc = 21, Ti = 22, Ni = 28, Cu = 29, Co = 27)
	1) Ni2+, Ti3+
	2) Sc3+, Ti3+
	3) Sc3+, Co2+
	4) Ni2+, Cu+
63.	Al2O3 can be converted to anhydrous AlCl3 by heating:
	1) Al2O3 with HCl gas
	2) Al2O3 with NaCl in solid state
	3) a mixture of Al2O3 and carbon in dry Cl2 gas
	4) Al2O3 with Cl2 gas
64.	The enthalpy and entropy change for the reaction : $Br2(I) + Cl2(g) \rightarrow 2BrCI(g)$
	are 30 kJ mol-1 and 105 JK-1 mol-1 respectively. The temperature at which the reaction will be in equilibrium is :
	1) 285.7 K
	2) 373 K
	3) 250 K
	4) 400 K
65.	The appearance of colour in solid alkali metal halides is generally due to :
	1) F-centres
	2) Schottky defect
	3) Frenkel defect
	4) Interstitial positions
66.	The general molecular formula, which represents the homologous series of alkanols is :
	1) CnH2nO2
	2) CnH2nO
	3) CnH2n+1O
	4) CnH2n+2O
67.	If E°Fe ₂₊ /Fe = -0.441 V and
	$E^{\circ}Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+} = 0.771 \text{ V}$, the standard emf of the reaction :
	Fe + 2Fe3+ \rightarrow 3Fe2+ will be :
	1) 0.441 V
	2) 1.753 V
	3) 1.212 V

4) 0.211 V

68. For the reaction $2A + B \rightarrow 3C + D$ which of the following does not express the reaction rate?

- 1) -(d[C]/3dt)
- 2) -(d[B]/dt
- 3) d[D]/dt
- 4) -d[A]/2dt
- 69. For the reaction,

CH₄(g) + 2O₂ (g) \rightleftharpoons CO₂(g) + 2H₂O(l), \triangle rH = -170.8 kJ mol-1 Which of the following statements is not true?

- 1) At equilibrium, the concentrations of CO₂ (g) and H₂O (l)are not equal
- 2) The equilibrium constant for the reaction is given by Kp = [CO2]/[CH4][O2]
- 3) Addition of CH4(g) or O2(g) at equilibrium will cause a shift to the right
- 4) The reaction is exothermic
- 70. [NH(CH2)NHCO(CH2)4CO]n is a:
 - 1) co-polymer
 - 2) addition polymer
 - 3) thermo-setting polymer
 - 4) homopolymer
- 71. A carbonyl compound reacts with hydrogen cyanide to form cyanohydrin which on hydrolysis forms a racemic mixture of α-hydroxy acid. The carbonyl compound is :
 - 1) acetaldehyde
 - 2) acetone
 - 3) diethyl ketone
 - 4) formaldehyde
- 72. Which one of the following is a peptide hormone?
 - 1) Glucagon
 - 2) Testosterone
 - 3) Thyroxin
 - 4) Adrenaline
- 73. The major organic product in the reaction,

$$CH3 - O - CH(CH3)2 + HI \rightarrow Product is :$$

- 1) CH3OH + (CH3)2CHI
- 2) ICH2OCH (CH3)2
- 3) CH3O C(CH3)2

4) CH3I + (CH3)2CHOH

74. Nucleophilic addition reaction will be most favoured in :

- 2) $(CH_3)_2C = O$
- 3) CH3CH2CHO
- 4) CH3CHO

75. The enthalpy of combustion of H2, cyclohexene (C6H10) and cyclohexene (C6H12) are -

241, -3800 and -3920 kJ per mol respectively. Heat of hydrogenation of cyclohexene is :

- 1) 121 kJ per mol
- 2) + 121 kJ per mol
- 3) + 484 kJ per mol
- 4) 484 kJ per mol

76. Self condensation of two moles of ethyl acetate in presence of sodium ethoxide yields:

- 1) ethyl butyrate
- 2) acetoacetic ester
- 3) methyl acetoacetate
- 4) ethyl propionate

77. Consider the reaction

$$N2(g) + 3H2(g) \rightarrow 2NH3(g)$$

The equality relationship between (d[NH3]/dt) and -(d[H2]/dt) is :

- 1) (d[NH3]/dt) = -(1/3)(d[H2]/dt)
- 2) +(d[NH3]/dt) = -(2/3)(d[H2]/dt)
- 3) +(d[NH3]/dt) = -(3/2)(d[H2]/dt)
- 4) (d[NH3]/dt) = -(d[H2]/dt)

78. Which of the following is not chiral?

- 1) 2-butanol
- 2) 2, 3-dibromopentane
- 3) 3-bromopentane
- 4) 2-hydroxypropanoic acid

79. [Co(NH3)4(NO2)2]Cl exhibits:

- 1) linkage isomerism, ionization isomerism and optical isomerism
- linkage isomerism, ionization isomerism and geometrical isomerism
- 3) ionization isomerism, geometrical isomerism and optical isomerism
- 4) linkage isomerism, geometrical isomerism and optical isomerism

- 80. [Cr(H2O)6]Cl3 (at. no. of Cr = 24) has a magnetic moment of 3.83 BM, the correct distribution of 3d electrons in the chromium of the complex is :
 - 1) $3d_{x^2-y^2}^1$, $3d_{z^2}^1$, $3d_{xz}^1$
 - $^{2)}$ $3d_{xy}^{1}$, $3d_{x^{2}-y^{2}}^{1}$, $3d_{yz}^{1}$
 - 3) $3d_{xy}^1$, $3d_{zy}^1$, $3d_{xz}^1$
 - 4) $3d_{xy}^{1}$, $3d_{yz}^{1}$, $3d_{zz}^{1}$
- 81. 1.00 g of a non-electrolyte solute (molar mass 250g mol-1) was dissolved in 51.2 g of benzene. If the freezing point depression constant, Kf of benzene is 5.12 K kg mol-1, the freezing point of benzene will be lowered by:
 - 1) 0.4 K
 - 2) 0.8 K
 - 3) 0.12 K
 - 4) 0.24 K
- 82. Which of the following pairs constitutes a buffer?
 - 1) HNO2 and NaNO2
 - 2) NaOH and NaCl
 - 3) HNO3 and NH4NO3
 - 4) HCl and KCl
- 83. The hydrogen ion concentration of a 10-8 M HCl aqueous solution at 298 K (Kw = 10-14) is .
 - 1) 1.0525 x 10-6 M
 - 2) 1.0525 x 10-7 M
 - 3) 8.525 x 10-8 M
 - 4) 1.0525 x 10-8 M
- 84. A solution of acetone in ethanol:
 - 1) shows a negative deviation from Raoult's law
 - 2) shows a positive deviation from Raoult's law
 - 3) behaves like a near ideal solution
 - 4) obeys Raoult's law
- 85. A hypothetical electrochemical cell is shown below

$$A|A+(xM)||B+(yM)|B$$

The emf measured is +0.20V. The cell reaction is :

1)
$$A++B \rightarrow A+B+$$

- 2) A++ e- → A; B++ e- → B
 3) the cell reaction cannot be predicted
 4) A + B+ → A+ + B
- 86. Ethylene oxide when treated with Grignard reagent yields:
 - 1) secondary alcohol
 - 2) tertiary alcohol
 - 3) cyclopropyl alcohol
 - 4) primary alcohol
- 87. During osmosis, flow of water through a semi-permeable membrane is :
 - 1) from solution having higher concentration only
 - 2) from both sides of semi-permeable membrane with equal flow rates
 - 3) from both sides of semi-permeable membrane with unequal flow rates
 - 4) from solution having lower concentration only
- 88. Which of the following is more basic than aniline?
 - 1) Diphenylamine
 - 2) Triphenylamine
 - 3) p-nitroaniline
 - 4) Benzylamine
- 89. In which of the following molecules are all the bonds not equal?
 - 1) CIF 3
 - 2) BF 3
 - 3) AIF 3
 - 4) NF 3
- 90. The electronegativity difference between N and F is greater than that between N and H yet the dipole moment of NH3 (1.5 D) is larger than that of NF 3 (0.2 D). This is because :
 - 1) in NH3 as well as in NF 3 the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the same direction
 - 2) in NH3 the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the same direction whereas in NF 3 these are in opposite directions
 - 3) in NH3 as well as NF 3 the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in opposite directions
 - 4) in NH3 the atomic dipole and bond dipole are in the opposite directions whereas in NF 3 these are in the same directions
- 91. The correct order of the mobility of the alkali metal ions in aqueous solution is :
 - 1) Li+ > Na+ > K+ > Rb+
 - 2) Na+> K+> Rb+> Li+

4) Rb+> K+>	Na+> Li+		
92. The corect orde	er regarding the electroneg	ativity of hybrid orbitals of	carbon is :
1) sp > sp2 <	sp3		
2) sp > sp2 >	sp3		
3) sp < sp2>	sp3		
4) sp < sp2 <	sp3		
93. Which of the fo	llowing species has a linea	ar shape ?	
1) NO-2			
2) SO ₂			
3) NO+2			
4) O3			
94. Which of the fo	llowing is the most basic or	xide ?	
1) Al2O3			
2) Sb2O3			
3) Bi2O3			
4) SeO2			
95. The orientation	of an atomic orbital is gove	erned by :	
1) azimuthal	quantum number		
2) spin quant	um number		
	quantum number		
4) principal q	uantum number		
96. Which of the fo	llowing is not a correct stat	ement?	
1) The electro	on-deficient molecules can	act as Lewis acids	
•	ical structures have no rea		
3) Every AB5	molecule does in fact have	e square pyramid structure	
4) Multiple bo	inds are always shorter tha	an corresponding single bo	nds
97. The number of atomic number		ramagnetic diatomic molec	ule of an element with
1) 2	2) 3	3) 4	4) 1
98. Which one of th	ne following orders is not ir	accordance with the prope	erty stated against it?
	Br2 > I2 : Oxidising power		-
•	٥.		

3) K+> Rb+> Na+> Li+

2) HI > HBr > HCl > HF : Acidic property in water 3) F 2> Cl2> Br2 > l2: Electronegativity 4) F 2> Cl2> Br2 > l2: Bond dissociation energy 99. Which of the following is not isostructural with SiCl4?

- 1) SCI4
- 2) SO2-4
- 3) PO₃₋₄
- 4) NH+4

100.

The IUPAC name of

- 1) 3, 4-dimethylpentanoyl chloride
- 2) 1-chloro-1-oxo-2, 3-dimethylpentane
- 3) 2-ethyl-3-methylbutanoyl chloride
- 4) 2, 3-dimethylpentanoyl chloride

Biology

101. What would be the number of chromosomes in the cells of the aleurone layer in a plant species with 8 chromosomes in its synergids?

1) 16

2) 24

3) 32

4) 8

102. Pineapple (annanas) fruit develops from :

- 1) a unilocular polycarpillary flower
- 2) a multipistillate syncarpous flower
- 3) a cluster of compactly borne flowers on a common axis
- 4) a multilocular monocarpillary flower

103. Golden rice is a promising transgenic crop. When released for cultivation, it will help in:

- 1) alleviation of vitamin-A deficiency
- 2) pest resistance
- 3) herbicide tolerance
- 4) producing a petrol-like fuel from rice

104. Parthenocarpic tomato fruits can be produced by :

- 1) removing androecium of flowers before pollen grains are released
- 2) treating the plants with low concentrations of gibberellic acid and auxins
- raising the plants from vernalized seeds
- 4) treating the plants with phenylmercuric acetate

- 105. How does pruning help in making the hedge dense?
 - 1) It induces the differentiation of new shoots from the rootstock
 - 2) It frees axillary buds from apical dominance
 - 3) The apical shoot grows faster after pruning
 - 4) It releases wound hormones
- 106. The 'blue baby' syndrome results from:
 - 1) excess fo chloride
 - 2) methaemoglobin
 - 3) excess of dissolved oxygen
 - 4) excess of TDS (Total Dissolved Solids)
- 107. Praying mentis is a good example of:
 - 1) mullerian mimicry
 - 2) warning colouration
 - 3) social insects
 - 4) camouflage
- 108. Which one of the following statements is correct?
 - 1) Neurons regulate endocrine activity, but not vice versa
 - Endocrine glands regulate neural activity and nervous system regulates endocrine glands
 - 3) Neither hormones control neural activity nor the neurons control endocrine activity
 - 4) Endocrine glands regulate neural activity, but not vice versa
- 109. Examination of blood of a person suspected of having anaemia, shows large, immature, nucleated erythrocytes without haemoglobin. Supplementing his diet with which of the following, is likely to alleviate his symptoms?
 - 1) Thiamine
 - 2) Folic acid and cobalamine
 - 3) Riboflavin
 - 4) Iron compounds
- 110. Farmers in a particular region were concerned that pre-mature yellowing of leaves of a pulse crop might cause decrease in the yield. Which treatment could be most beneficial to obtain maximum seed yield?
 - 1) Frequent irrigation of the crop
 - 2) Treatment of the paints with cytokinins along with a small dose of nitrogenous fertilizer
 - Removal of all yellow leaves and spraying the remaining green leaves with 2, 4, 5trichlorophenoxy acetic acid
 - 4) Application of iron and magnesium to promote synthesis of chlorophyll

	1) Custard apple				
	2) Pomegranate				
	3) Orange				
	4) Litchi				
112.	Which one of the following experiment?	ng aminoacids was n	ot found to be synthesized	d in Miller's	
	1) Glycine				
	2) Aspartic acid				
	3) Glutamic acid				
	4) Alanine				
113.	Crop plants grown in mo	noculture are :			
	1) low in yield				
	2) free from intraspecific	competition			
	3) characterised by poo	r root system			
	4) highly prone to pests				
114.	Montreal protocol which human activities was pa		action to protect the ozone	e layer from	
	1) 1986	2) 1987	3) 1988	4) 1985	
115.	The formula for exponen	tial population growt	h is :		
	1) $dt/dN = rN$				
	2) $dN/rN = dt$				
	3) $rN/dN = dt$				
	4) $dN/dt = rN$				
116.	Which one of the following	ng is not used for cor	nstruction of ecological pyr	ramids?	
	1) Dry weight				
	2) Number of individuals	3			
	3) Rate of energy flow				
	4) Fresh weight				
117.	Niche overlap indicates :				
	1) active co-operation b	etween two species			
	2) two different parasite	s on the same host			
	3) sharing of one or mo	re resources betwee	n the two species		
	4) mutualism between t	wo species			
118.	In photosystem-I, the firs	t electron acceptor is	s:		

111. In which of the following fruits is the edible part the aril?

1) ferredoxin	
2) cytochrome	
3) plastocyanin	
4) an iron-sulphur protein	
440 T	
119. Treatment of seed at low temperature under moist conditions to break its dormancy is called:	
1) scarification	
2) vernalization	
3) chelation	
4) stratification	
120. Which one of the following is the most suitable, medium for culture of Drosophila melanogaster?	
1) Moist bread	
2) Agar agar	
3) Ripe banana	
4) Cow dung	
121. Which one of the following is not included under in situ conservation?	
1) Sanctuary	
2) Botanical garden	
3) Biosphere reserve	
4) National park	
122. Which antibiotic inhibits interaction between t-RNA and m-RNA during bacterial protein synthesis?	
1) Erythromycin	
2) Neomycin	
3) Streptomycin	
4) Tetracycline	
123. Phenotype of an organism is the result of :	
1) mutations and linkages	
2) cytoplasmic effects and nutrition	
3) environmental changes and sexual dimorphism	
4) genotype and environment interactions	
124. Photochemical smog pollution does not contain:	
1) ozone	
2) nitrogen dioxide	
3) carbon dioxide	

125. Moss peat is used as a packing material for sending flowers and live plants to distant places because :
1) it is easily available
2) it is hygroscopic
3) it reduces transpiration
4) it serves as a disinfectant
126. A common structural feature of vessel elements and sieve tube elements is :
1) thick secondary walls
2) pores on lateral walls
3) presence of P-protein
4) enucleate condition
127. The thalloid body of a slime mould (Myxomycetes) is known as :
1) protonema
2) Plasmodium
3) fruiting body
4) mycelium
128. In which mode of inheritance do you expect more maternal influence among the off spring ?
1) Autosomal
2) Cytoplasmic
3) Y-linked
4) X-linked
129. What type of placentation is seen in sweet pea ?
1) Basal
2) Axile
3) Free central
4) Marginal
130. Long filamentous threads protruding at the end of a young cob of maize are:
1) anthers
2) styles
3) ovaries
4) hairs
131. Conifers differ from grasses in the :

4) PAN (Peroxy Acyl Nitrate)

1) production of seeds from ovules

	4) formation of endosper	m before fertilizat	ion	
132.	How many different kinds of gametes will be produced by a plant having the genotype AABbCC?			
	1) Three	2) Four	3) Nine	4) Two
133.	In maize, hybrid vigour is	exploited by:		
	1) bombarding the protop	plast with DNA		
	2) crossing of two inbree	d parental lines		
	3) harvesting seeds from	the most product	tive plants	
	4) inducing mutations			
134.	Which of the following sta	tements regarding	g mitochondrial membrane	is not correct ?
	1) The outer membrane i	is permeable to a	ll kinds of molecules	
	2) The enzymes of the el	lectron transfer ch	nain are embedded in the o	uter membrane
	3) The inner membrane i	is highly convolute	ed forming a series of infold	lings
	4) The outer membrane	resembles a sieve)	
135.	Amino acid sequence, in p	protein synthesis	is decided by the sequence	of:
	1) t-RNA			
	2) m-RNA			
	3) c-DNA			
	4) r-RNA			
136.	the complete oxidation of	f one mole of gluc	be generated from one mo cose to CO2 and H2O yields th energy phosphate bond of	686 kcal and the
	1) Two			
	2) Thirty			
	3) Fifty seven			
	4) One			
137.	An organic substance bou	und to an enzyme	and essential for its acvity	is called :
	1) coenzyme			
	2) holoenzyme			
	3) apoenzyme			
	4) isoenzyme			
138.	Bowman's glands are four	nd in :		

2) lack of xylem tracheids3) absence of pollen tubes

- olfactory epithelium
 external auditory canal
 cortical nephrons only
 juxtamedullary nephrons
- 139. The bacterium (Clostridium botulinum) that causes botulism is :
 - 1) a facultative anaerobe
 - 2) an obligate anaerobe
 - 3) a facultative aerobe
 - 4) an obligate aerobe
- 140. Which one of the following is the correctly matched pair of an endangered animal and a National Park?
 - 1) Lion Corbett National Park
 - Rhinoceros Kaziranga National Park
 - 3) Wild ass Dudhwa National Park
 - 4) Great Indian bustard Keoladeo National Park
- 141. A person showing upredictable moods, outbursts of emotion, quarrelsome behaviour and conflicts with others is suffering from :
 - 1) schizophrenia
 - 2) borderline personality disorder (BPD)
 - 3) mood disorders
 - 4) addictive disorders
- 142. Sulphur is an important nutrient for optimum growth and productivity in :
 - 1) pulse crops
 - 2) cereals
 - 3) fibre crops
 - 4) oilseed crops
- 143. Pentamerous, actinomorphic flowers, bicarpillary ovary with oblique septa, and fruit a capsule or berry, are characteristic features of :
 - 1) Asteraceae
 - 2) Brassicaceae
 - 3) Solanaceae
 - 4) Liliaceae
- 144. In a moss the sporophyte:
 - 1) is partially parasitic on the gametophyte
 - 2) produces gametes that give rise to the gametophyte
 - 3) arises from a spore produced from the gametophyte

4) manufactures food for itself, as well as for the gametophyte
145. Curing of tea leaves is brought about by the activity of:
1) bacteria
2) mycorrhiza
3) viruses

146. People living at sea level have around 5 million RBC per cubic millimeter of their blood

1) people get pollution-free air to breathe and more oxygen is available

3) there is more UV radiation which enhances RBC production4) people eat more nutritive food, therefore more RBCs are formed

147. An important evidence in favour of organic evolution is the occurrence of:

whereas those living at an altitude of 5400 metres have around 8 million. This is because

2) atmospheric O2 level is less and hence more RBCs are needed to absorb the required

4) fungi

at high altitude:

amount of O2 to survive

homologous and vestigial organs
 analogous and vestigial organs

4) homologous and analogous organs

148. Which one of the following is not a living fossil?

149. Annual migration does not occur in the case of :

3) homologous organs only

King crab
 Sphenodon
 Archaeopteryx

4) Peripatus

1) salmon

2) Siberian crane3) salamander4) arctic tern

microscope

thin sections

microscope. This is because:

0.2 nm for the light microscope

150. A major breakthrough in the studies of cells came with the development of electron

1) the resolution power of the electron microscope is much higher than that of the light

2) the resolving power of the electron microscope is 200 - 350 nm as compared to 0.1 -

3) electron beam can pass through thick materials, whereas light microscopy requires

- 4) the electron microscope is more powerful than the light microscope as it uses a beam of electrons which has wavelength much longer than that of photons151. Which one of the following is a matching set of a phylum and its three examples ?
 - 1) Cnidaria Bonellia, Physalia, Aurelia
 - 2) Platyhelminthes Planaria, Schistosoma, Enterobius
 - 3) Mollusca Loligo, Teredo, Octopus
 - 4) Porifera Spongilla, Euplectella, pennatula
- 152. Metameric segmentation is the characteristic of :
 - 1) Platyhelminthes and Arthropoda
 - 2) Echinodermata and Annelida
 - 3) Annelida and Arthropoda
 - 4) Mollusca and Chordata
- 153. Which of the following pairs of an animal and a plant represents endangered organisms in India?
 - 1) Bentinckia nicobarica and red panda
 - 2) Tamarind and rhesus monkey
 - 3) Cinchona and leopard
 - 4) Banyan and black buck
- 154. Jurassic period of the Mesozoic era is characterised by :
 - 1) gymnosperms are dominant plants and first birds appear
 - 2) radiation of reptiles and origin of mammal like reptiles
 - 3) dinosaurs become extinct and angiosperms appear
 - 4) flowering plants and first dinosaurs appear
- 155. What is common about Trypanosoma, Noctiluca, Monocystis and Giardia?
 - 1) These are all unicellular protists
 - 2) They have flagella
 - 3) They produce spores
 - 4) These are all parasites
- 156. Which of the following statements regarding cilia is not correct?
 - 1) The organized beating of cilia is controlled by fluxes of Ca2+ across the membrane
 - 2) Cilia are hair-like cellular appendages
 - 3) Microtubules of cilia are composed of tubulin
 - Cilia contain an outer ring of nine doublet microtubules surrounding two single microtubules
- 157. Microbes found to be very useful in genetic engineering are :

- Escherichia coli and Agrobacterium tumefaciens
 Vibrio cholerae and a tailed bacteriophage
 Diplococcus sp. and Pseudomonas sp.
 Crown gall bacterium and Caenorhabditis elegans
 Which of the following environmental conditions are ess
- 158. Which of the following environmental conditions are essential for optimum growth of
 - Mucor on a piece of bread?
 - A. Temperature of about 25°C
 - B. Temperature of about 5°C
 - C. Relative humidity of about 5%
 - D. Relative humidity of about 95%
 - E. A shady place
 - F. A brightly illuminated place

Choose the answer from the following options:

- 1) A, C and E only
- 2) A, D and E only
- 3) B, D and E only
- 4) B, C and F only
- 159. Evolutionary history of an organism is known as:
 - 1) Phylogeny
 - 2) Ancestry
 - 3) Paleontology
 - 4) Ontogeny
- 160. Which of the following is considered a hot-spot of biodiversity in India?
 - 1) Western ghats
 - 2) Indo-Gangetic plain
 - 3) Eastern ghats
 - 4) Aravalli hills
- 161. During photorespiration, the oxygen consuming reaction(s) occur in :
 - 1) stroma of chloroplasts and mitochondria
 - 2) stroma of chloroplasts and peroxisomes
 - 3) grana of chloroplasts and peroxisomes
 - 4) stroma of chloroplasts
- 162. Which one of the following is an example of polygenic inheritance?
 - 1) Flower colour in Mirabilis jalapa
 - 2) Production of male honey bee
 - 3) Pod shape in garden pea
 - 4) Skin colour in humans

	1) Acetylcholine			
	2) Epinephrine			
	3) Nor epinephrine			
	4) Cortisone			
164.	Sertoli cells are regulated	by the pituitary hom	none known as :	
	1) FSH	2) GH	3) Prolactin	4) LH
165.	A steroid hormone which	regulates glucose m	etabolism is :	
	1) cortisol			
	2) corticosterone			
	3) 11-deoxycorticosteror	ne		
	4) cortisone			
166.	The contractile protein of	skeletal muscle invo	lving ATPase activity is:	
	1) tropomyosin			
	2) myosin			
	3) α-actinin			
	4) troponin			
167.	Which one of the followin	g is not a second me	ssenger in hormone action	n ?
	1) cGMP			
	2) Calcium			
	3) Sodium			
	4) cAMP			
168.	wrinkled seeds (rr), yello	w cotyledon (YY) wa	nd seed shape (RR) was one of the cross RRYY x	tyledon (yy). What
	1) Only round seeds with	h green cotyledons		
	2) Only wrinkled seeds v	with yellow cotyledon	S	
	3) Only wrinkled seeds v	with green cotyledons	3	
	4) Round seeds with yel	low cotyledons and v	wrinkled seeds with yellow	cotyledons
169.	One gene – one enzyme	hypothesis was post	ulated by :	
	1) R. Franklin			
	2) Hershey and Chase			
	3) A. Garrod			
	4) Beadle and Tatum			
170.	One turn of the helix in a	B-form DNA is appro	oximately :	

163. Which one of the following not act as a neurotransmitter?

1) 20 nm 2) 0.34 nm 3) 3.4 nm 4) 2 nm

171. Test cross involves:

- 1) crossing between two genotypes with recessive trait
- 2) crossing between two F 1 hybrids
- 3) crossing the F 1 hybrid with a double recessive genotype
- 4) crossing between two genotypes with dominant trait

172. Antiparallel strands of a DNA molecule means that:

- 1) one strand turns anti-clockwise
- 2) the phosphate groups of two DNA strands, at their ends, share the same position
- 3) the phosphate groups at the start of two DNA strands are in opposite position (pole)
- 4) one strand turns clockwise

173. Areolar connective tissue joins:

- 1) fat body with muscles
- 2) integument with muscles
- 3) bones with muscles
- 4) bones with bones

174. Mast cells secrete:

- 1) hippurin
- 2) myoglobin
- 3) histamine
- 4) haemoglobin

175. If a colourblind woman marries a normal visioned man, their sons will be:

- 1) all normal visioned
- 2) one-half colourblind and one-half normal
- 3) three-fourths colourbling and one-fourth normal
- 4) all colourblind

176. Cri-du-chat syndrome in humans is caused by the :

- 1) fertilization of an XX egg by a normal Y-bearing sperm
- 2) loss of half of the short arm of chromosome 5
- 3) loss of half of the long arm of chromosome 5
- 4) trisomy of 21st chromosome

177. Restriction endonuclease:

- 1) cuts the DNA molecule randomly cuts the DNA molecule at specific sites 3) restricts the synthesis of DNA inside the nucleus 4) synthesizes DNA 178. Antibodies in our body are complex: 1) lipoproteins 2) steroids 3) prostaglandins 4) glycoproteins 179. Limit of BOD prescribed by Central Pollution Control Board for the discharge of industrial and municipal waste water into natural surface water, is: 1) < 3.0 ppm2) < 10 ppm3) < 100 ppm4) < 30 ppm180. Earthworms are: 1) ureotelic when plenty of water is available 2) uricotelic when plenty of water is available 3) uricotelic under conditions of water scarcity 4) ammonotelic when plenty of water is available 181. Which of the following is an accumulation and release centre of neurohormones? 1) Posterior pituitary lobe 2) Intermediate lobe of the pituitary 3) Hypothalamus 4) Anterior pituitary lobe 1) Eastrogens
- 182. Withdrawal of which of the following hormones is the immediate cause of menstruation?
 - 2) FSH
 - 3) FSH-RH
 - 4) Progesterone
- 183. Which one of the following statements is incorrect?
 - 1) The residual air in lungs slightly decreases the efficiency of respiration in mammals
 - 2) The presence of non-respiratory air sacs, increases the efficiency of respiration in birds
 - 3) In insects, circulating body fluids serve to distribute oxygen to tissues
 - 4) The principle of countercurrent flow facilitates efficient respiration in gills of fishes

184. Which one of the following has an open circulatory system ?
1) Pheretima
2) Periplaneta
3) Hirudinaria
4) Octopus
185. Which hormone causes dilation of blood vessels, increased oxygen consumption and glycogenolysis?
1) ACTH
2) Insulin
3) Adrenalin
4) Glucagon
186. The causative agent of mad-cow disease is a :
1) bacterium
2) prion
3) worm
4) virus
187. The translocation of organic solutes in sieve tube members is supported by :
1) root pressure and transpiration pull
2) P-proteins
3) mass flow involving a carrier and ATP
4) cytoplasmic streaming
188. Biradial symmetry and lack of cnidoblasts are the characteristics of :
1) Starfish and sea anemone
2) Ctenoplana and Beroe
3) Aurelia and Paramecium
4) Hydra and starfish
189. The arrangement of the nuclei in a normal embryo sac in the dicot plants is :
1) 2 + 4 + 2
2) 3 + 2 + 3
3) 2 + 3 + 3
4) 3 + 3 + 2
190. An enzyme that can stimulate germination of barley seeds is :
1) α-amylase
2) lipase
3) protease

4) invertase
191. In a cereal grain the single cotyledon of embryo is represented by :
1) coleorhiza
2) scutellum
3) prophyll
4) coleoptile
192. The majority of carbon dioxide produced by our body cells is transported to the lungs :
1) dissolved in the blood
2) as bircarbonates
3) as carbonates
4) attached to haemoglobin
193. Triticale, the first man-made cereal crop, has been obtained by crossing wheat with:
1) rye
2) pearl millet
3) sugarcane
4) barley
194. In order to obtain virus-free plants through tissue culture the best method is :
1) protoplast culture
2) embryo rescue
3) anther culture
4) meristem culture
195. HIV that causes AIDS, first starts destroying:
1) B-lymphocytes
2) leucocytes
3) thrombocytes
4) helper T-lymphocytes
196. In which one of the following sets of animals do all the four give birth to young ones?
1) Lion, bat, whale, ostrich
2) Platypus, penguin, bat, hippopotamus
3) Shrew, bat, cat, kiwi
4) Kangaroo, hedgehog, dolphin, loris
197. Sickle cell anaemia has not been eliminated from the African population because :
1) it is controlled by recessive genes
2) it is not a fatal disease
3) it provides immunity against malaria
32

- 198. Two common characters found in centipede, cockroach and crab are :1) compound eyes and anal cerci
 - 2) jointed legs and chitinous exoskeleton

4) it is controlled by dominant genes

- 3) green gland and tracheae
- 4) book lungs and antennae
- 199. Both sickle cell anaemia and Huntington's chorea are:
 - 1) bacteria-related diseases
 - 2) congenital disorders
 - 3) pollutant-induced disorders
 - 4) virus-related diseases
- 200. Angiotensinogen is a protein produced and secreted by :
 - 1) macula densa cells
 - 2) endothelial cells (cells lining the blood vessels)
 - 3) liver cells
 - 4) juxtaglomerular (JG) cells



Answer Key												
1) 1	2) 4	3) 2	4) 3	5) 3	6) 1	7) 4	8) 2	9) 3	10) 2			
11) 1	12) 2	13) 3	14) 1	15) 3	16) 3	17) 1	18) 1	19) 2	20) 3			
21) 4	22) 2	23) 1	24) 3	25) 2	26) 4	27) 1	28) 3	29) 2	30) 3			
31) 4	32) 4	33) 1	34) 2	35) 4	36) 4	37) 2	38) 4	39) 1	40) 2			
41) 1	42) 4	43) 4	44) 4	45) 2	46) 3	47) 1	48) 1	49) 1	50) 4			
51) 2	52) 2	53) 3	54) 1	55) 4	56) 3	57) 2	58) 4	59) 2	60) 1			
61) 2	62) 1	63) 3	64) 1	65) 1	66) 4	67) 3	68) 1	69) 2	70) 1			
71) 1	72) 1	73) 4	74) 4	75) 1	76) 2	77) 2	78) 3	79) 2	80) 3			
81) 1	82) 1	83) 2	84) 2	85) 4	86) 4	87) 4	88) 4	89) 1	90) 2			
91) 4	92) 2	93) 3	94) 3	95) 3	96) 3	97) 1	98) 4	99) 1	100) 4			
101) 2	102) 3	103) 1	104) 2	105) 2	106) 2	107) 3	108) 1	109) 4	110) 4			
111) 4	112) 3	113) 4	114) 2	115) 4	116) 4	117) 2	118) 4	119) 4	120) 3			
121) 2	122) 4	123) 4	124) 3	125) 2	126) 2	127) 2	128) 2	129) 4	130) 2			
131) 4	132) 4	133) 2	134) 2	135) 2	136) 2	137) 1	138) 1	139) 2	140) 2			
141) 1	142) 1	143) 3	144) 1	145) 1	146) 2	147) 1	148) 3	149) 3	150) 1			
151) 3	152) 3	153) 1	154) 1	155) 1	156) 3	157) 1	158) 2	159) 1	160) 1			
161) 2	162) 4	163) 4	164) 1	165) 1	166) 2	167) 3	168) 4	169) 4	170) 3			
171) 3	172) 3	173) 2	174) 3	175) 4	176) 2	177) 2	178) 4	179) 2	180) 4			
181) 3	182) 4	183) 1	184) 2	185) 3	186) 2	187) 3	188) 2	189) 2	190) 1			
191) 2	192) 2	193) 1	194) 4	195) 4	196) 4	197) 3	198) 2	199) 2	200) 3			