



- Q13. If  $p^{\text{th}}$ ,  $q^{\text{th}}$  and  $r^{\text{th}}$  term of an AP are  $a$ ,  $b$ ,  $c$  respectively, then show that  $a(q - r) + b(r - p) + c(p - q) = 0$ .
- Q14. Jasleen saved Rs. 5 in the first week of the year and then increased her weekly savings by Rs.1.75 each week. In what week will her weekly savings be Rs.20.75?
- Q15. Find 4 numbers in AP whose sum is 20 and the sum of whose squares is 120.
- Q16. If the numbers  $a, b, c, d, e$  form an AP then find the value of  $a - 4b + 6c - 4d + e$ .
- Q17. The sum of 3 numbers in AP is -3, and their product is 8. Find the numbers.
- Q18. The sum of first six terms of an AP is 42. The ratio of its  $10^{\text{th}}$  term to its  $30^{\text{th}}$  term is 1:3. Calculate the first and the  $13^{\text{th}}$  term of an AP. (CBSE-2009)
- Q19. If  $n^{\text{th}}$  term of an AP is  $(2n + 1)$ , find the sum of first  $n$  terms of the AP. (CBSE-2005)
- Q20. If  $S_n$ , the sum of first  $n$  terms of an AP is given by  $S_n = 5n^2 + 3n$ , then find the term. (CBSE-2009)
- Q21. In an AP, the sum of first  $n$  terms is  $3n^2/2 + 5n/2$ . Find its  $25^{\text{th}}$  term. (CBSE-2006)
- Q22. How many terms of the series 54, 51, 48,.... Be taken so that their sum is 513? Explain the double answer. (CBSE-2005)
- Q23. The sum of  $n$ ,  $2n$ ,  $3n$  terms of an AP are  $S_1$ ,  $S_2$ ,  $S_3$  respectively. Prove that  $S_3 = 3(S_2 - S_1)$ .
- Q24. If the sum of  $m$  terms of an AP is the same as the sum of its  $n$  terms, show that the sum of its  $(m + n)$  terms is zero.
- Q25. The ratio of the sum of  $n$  terms of two AP's is  $(7n+1) : (4n+27)$ . Find the ratio of their  $m^{\text{th}}$  terms.